Native pollinators are adapted to native plants which provide the highest quality nectar and pollen. But there are some non-native plants that are not invasive and good food sources for pollinators:

### Trees and Shrubs

#### Trees
- Crabapple
- hybrid Cherries
- Common Apple
- Honeylocust
- Horse Chestnut
- Little Leaf Linden
- Mountain Ash
- hybrid Pears
- Plums
- Quince
- Redbud
- Serviceberries

#### Shrubs
- Azaleas
- Blueberries
- Hydrangeas
- Mock Orange
- Sumac cultivars
- False Spireas
- Spireas
- Chokeberries
- Raspberries
- Rhododendrons
- Viburnums

### Annual Plants

- Asters
- Calendulas
- Coleus
- Heathers
- Hollyhocks
- Mexican Sunflower
- (Tithonia)
- Nasturtium
- Nicotianas
- Sunflowers
- Sweet Alyssum
- Verbenas
- Zinnias

### Vegetables

- Artichokes
- Cucumber
- Eggplants
- Fennel
- Melons
- Onions
- Peppers
- Runner Beans
- Strawberries
- Squashes
- Tomatoes
- Tomatillos
- Zucchini

### Herbs

- Basil
- Borage
- Catnip
- Caraway
- Chives
- Cilantro
- Comfrey
- Dill
- Lavender
- Mints
- Marjoram
- Oregano
- Rosemary
- Sages
- Salivas
- Thyme

### Perennial Plants

- Ajugas
- hybrid Alliums
- Anemones
- Baptisas
- Bee Balms
- Calamintha nepeta
- Catmints
- Columbines
- Coneflowers
- Coral Bells

### Pulmonarias

- Coreopsis
- Creeping Phlox
- Dutch White clover
- Dahlias
- Delphiniums
- Foxgloves
- hardy Hibiscus
- Hyssops
- Lamiums
- Lupines

### *High Priority Pollinator Species*

### ^Shade Tolerant Species

### # Cultivar

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*Cherry sp.*  
*White Clover*  
*Catmint sp.*  
*Mexican Sunflower (Tithonia)*