MPDM CHAPTER 5: SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES





BWSR MN Public Drainage Manual Broad User Outreach Workshops | April 22, 23, and 25, 2017







DEFINITION



 In the MPDM, a Best Management Practice (BMP) is... a structural or non-structural practice that minimizes water quality and/or quantity (peak flow or volume reduction) impacts within a public drainage system or its watershed and/or downstream.

TWO KINDS OF BMP



On-systemOff-system

TWO KINDS OF BMP

On-system

- On-system BMPs are used within a Chapter 103E drainage system and are aligned with the statute based authorities and responsibilities of the drainage authority. These can include any statute-allowed, or required practice.
 - vegetated buffer strips,
 - grade control structures,
 - side inlets,
 - erosion control,
 - multi-stage ditch,
 - water storage,
 - restored wetland,
 - culvert sizing,
 - resloping,
 - tile repair, etc.



TWO KINDS OF BMP



Off-system

- Other BMPs are located off the Chapter 103E drainage system, and consequently, not within the traditional purview of the drainage authority. However, as a result of efforts related to Chapter 103E.015, a drainage authority may find that there are practices that can be applied on fields and farms in the watershed of the system which will provide significant benefits downslope to the drainage system.
 - Structural
 - Water and sediment control basins,
 - Grass waterways,
 - Grade stabilization structures, and
 - Drainage Water Management, etc.
 - Non-structural
 - Nutrient management,
 - Cover crops, and
 - Conservation tillage, etc.



SELECTING A BMP...3 STEPS

STEP 1: OBSERVE AND IDENTIFY PROBLEMS & OPPORTUNITIES

> STEP 2: DETERMINE CAUSE OF PROBLEM

> > STEP 3: SELECT AN APPROPRIATE BMP SOLUTION

SELECTING A BMP...3 STEPS

STEP 1: OBSERVE AND IDENTIFY PROBLEMS & SYMPTOMS

Based on field observations, and review of inspector or engineer's reports, studies, local water plans or strategies defining what is happening in the watershed of the public drainage system.

Problems/symptoms are the physical issues identified along a public drainage system. Examples might include: a. Headcut on adjacent fields b. reduced water quality in nearby or downstream receiving waters c. sediment plumes d. channel erosion e. ditch incision f. fish kills g. sediment plugged tile h. erosion on near-ditch field i. high concentrations of pollutants in system waters j. failed side slope





STEP 1: OBSERVE AND IDENTIFY PROBLEMS & OPPORTUNITIES

STEP 2: DETERMINE CAUSE OF PROBLEM

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Root River ONE WATERSHED, ONE PLAN

December 2016

Root River Watershed

Prepared For: Root River Planning Partnership

Prepared By: Houston Engineering, Inc.











SELECTING A BMP...3 STEPS

STEP 2: DETERMINE CAUSE OF PROBLEM

Examples might include: a. open tile inlets b. lack of buffers c. Excessive use of nitrogen fertilizers or manure d. lack of cover crops e. Excessive phosphorus loss through tile systems creating impaired downstream waterbodies. f. altered hydrology due to climate change or man-made changes g. excessive phosphorus build-up in the soil h. downstream channel straightening or maintenance i. Ground subsidence may cause old tile to separate, shift, and plug j. excessive bank slope k. excessive bottom slope



THE BMP MATRIX

← → Image: https://drainage.pca.state.mn	nus/index.php?title=BMP_Table ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀ ♀		🗎 🛧 🗄
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	BMP Table		
Minnesota Board of	Main Page > Chapter 5 > II. Best Management Practices > BMP Table		
Water & Soil Resources	BMP Table		

BMP Table

https://

SATION	Symptom/Issue To be Addressed	Cause	On-System: Ditch System	On-System: Tile System	Off-System
in page roduction to Public ainage Ip	Erosion	Construction	Stormwater Runoff Control (NRCS CP 570) • MN Stormwater Manual • Practice Standard	Stormwater Runoff Control (NRCS CP 570) • MN Stormwater Manual • Practice Standard	Stormwater Runoff Control (NRCS CP 570) • MN Stormwater Manual • Practice Standard
.S hat links here slated changes ecial pages frmanent link uge information te this page T/EXPORT reate a book	Excessive Sediment (Aggradation)	Excessive sediment transport from field and upstream ditch bottom and side slopes.	Open Channel (NRCS CP 582) - Natural Channel/Two-stage Channel Design • Factsheet (see page 115 of The Agricultural BMP Handbook for Minnesota) • Practice Standard • Two-Stage Channel Design Guidance or Part 654: Stream Restoration Design National Engineering Handbook	Tile Replacement (NRCS CP 606) • Practice Standard • Design Guidance	Cover Crops (NRCS CP 340) • Factsheet (see page 36 or The Agricultural BMP Handbook for Minnesota) • Practice Standard • Practice Information
intable version			Grade Stabilization Structure - Side Inlet (Various Types) (NRCS CP 410) • Factsheet (see page 40 of The	Alternative Tile Intakes (Perforated Risers, Gravel/rock inlets, dense pattern Tile) (NRCS	Grassed Waterways (NRCS Cl 412) • Factsheet (see page 84 c
e.pca.state.mn.us/index.php?title=Mai	in_Page		Agricultural RMP Handbook for	CP 606)	The Agricultural BMP

OFF-SYSTEM BMP GRASSED WATERWAY



CP 412 – Grassed Waterway (Photo Source: USDA NRCS)

OFF-SYSTEM BMPS









OFF-SYSTEM BMP WATER & SEDIMENT CONTROL BASINS



OFF-SYSTEM BMP DENITRIFYING BIOREACTOR



OFF-SYSTEM BMP DRAINAGE WATER MANAGEMENT

Drainage Water Management



Flow Control Mechanism

DWM is the process of managing the timing and the amount of water that discharges from agricultural drainage systems. A structure for water control is installed in the tile line, which allows for management of the tile outlet elevation.

CAP 130, CP 587, 554

ON-SYSTEM BMP MANDATED BY STATUTE •Vegetated Buffer



THE BMP – MANDATED BY STATUTE

Vegetated Buffer



Buffer measurement for a public drainage ditch

Buffer Law Implementati

Purpose and Considerations

This guidance is for local government units charged with imple advise and review buffer measurement compliance for proper <u>103E</u> public drainage ditch.

Statutory References

Buffer Law

The buffer law requires buffer widths based on the classificatic Map. The buffer measurement requirement for public drainag drainage law highlighted:

M.S. §103F.48, Subd. 3. Water resources riparian protection r systems.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), landowners owning mapped on a buffer protection map must maintain a buf
 - (2) for public drainage systems established under chapte buffer as provided in section 103E.021, subdivision 1 maintenance of the ditch.

Drainage Law

Drainage law includes the following requirement for buffer str requirement highlighted:

M.S. §103E.021, Subd. 1. Spoil banks must be spread and per

"... The permanent strips of perennial vegetation shall be from the top edge of the constructed channel resulting fr

Because the buffer law does not involve "proceedings" like dra "resulting from the proceeding" does not apply for the buffer

Measuring Buffer Width

The following diagrams provide a visual representation of the buffer strip for a public drainage ditch. These diagrams are app Statutes, Section 103F.48 (buffer law) and Minnesota Statutes





ON-SYSTEM BMP GENERAL CHANNEL REPAIR



EXCAVATION TO BE LIMITED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE CHANNEL. NO EXCAVATION TO BE DONE ON SLOPES.

DITCH CLEAN-OUT TYPICAL SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

ON-SYSTEM BMP SIDE INLET STRUCTURE



ON-SYSTEM BMP SIDE INLET STRUCTURE



ON-SYSTEM BMP SIDE INLET STRUCTURE



ON-SYSTEM BMP SEDIMENT CONTROL



ON-SYSTEM BMP ALTERNATIVE TILE INLET





ON-SYSTEM BMP ROCK DROP STRUCTURE

		DROP	STRUCTURE ST	ATION		
DESIGNATION	STA. 114+95	STA. 136+85	STA. 174+70	STA. 179+50	STA. 184+50	
A	5	5	5	5	5	
В	4	4	3	3	3	
С	2	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	
D	977.09	981.00	985.77	987.65	989.51	
E	979.09	983.00	987.27	989.15	991.01	
F	20	20	20	20	20	
G	29	29	28	28	28	
Н	15	15	15	15	15	
J	5	5	5	5	5	
к	15	15	15	15	15	
x	3	3	3	3	3	
CLASS III RIPRAP	73 cu. Yd	73 cu. Yd	70 cu. Yd	70 cu. Yd	70 cu. Yd	
SALVAGED RIPRAP	25 cu. Yd	25 cu. Yd	25 cu. Yd	0 cu. Yd	25 cu. Yd	



NOTES:

- REFER TO THE DIMENSION TABLE ON THIS SHEET FOR DIMENSIONS DESIGNATED WITH A LETTER. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE UNIQUE TO EACH DROP STRUCTURE LOCATION.
- 2. ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION OF THE DROP STRUCTURES WILL BE INCLUDED WITH BID ITEM RANDOM RIPRAP CLASS III.

ROCK DROP STRUCTURE DETAIL

ON-SYSTEM BMP ROCK DROP STRUCTURE









ON-SYSTEM BMP SHEETPILE DROP STRUCTURE



ON-SYSTEM BMP CONCRETE DROP STRUCTURE





ON-SYSTEM BMP OUTLET GRADE CONTROL STRUCTURES

ON-SYSTEM BMP TOE WOOD SOD MAT



AKA Wood Debris Bench



ON-SYSTEM BMP TOE WOOD SOD MAT



ON-SYSTEM BMP TOE WOOD SOD MAT











ON-SYSTEM BMP ROCK RIFFLE GRADE CONTROL



BOTTOM OF CHANNEL

BUFFALO RIVER CHANNEL RIFFLE DETAIL "A"

MNDOT CL. 4 ROCK RIPRAP

6" ROCK BEDDING -

NOT TO SCALE

RIFFLE LOCATIONS				
BOTTOM OF RIFFLE STATION	TOP OF RIFFLE STATION	CENTERLINE OF CHANNEL AT TOP OF RIFFLE ELEVATION	CENTERLINE OF CHANNEL AT BOTTOM OF RIFFLE ELEVATION	BANKFULL ELEVATION
50+10	50+30	1127.10	1126.70	1132.10
53+35	53+55	1127.50	1127.10	1132.50
54+95	55+15	1127.80	1127.40	1132.80
57+15	57+35	1128.10	1127.70	1133.10
66+80	67+00	1128.90	1128.40	1133.90
73+80	74+00	1129.40	1128.90	1134.40



STA. 67+00 & 75+00 <u>SECTION A - A</u> NOT TO SCALE

NOTE: 1) PLACE ADDITIONAL ROCK BEDDING MATERIAL AS NECESSARY TO RAISE EXISTING GROUND TO REQUIRED GRADE.



STA. 50+30, 53+55, 55+15 & 57+35 SECTION A - A NOT TO SCALE

ON-SYSTEM BMP ROCK RIFFLE GRADE CONTROL





THE BMP – ON SYSTEM ROCK DROP STRUCTURE



THE BMP – ON-SYSTEM CHANNEL LINING

ON-SYSTEM BMP SEDIMENT POND

ON-SYSTEM BMP DAM (ON-CHANNEL)

ON-SYSTEM BMP WETLAND CREATION

A TALE OF TWO DITCHES

A TALE OF TWO DITCHES

ON-SYSTEM BMP TWO-STAGE/NATURAL CHANNEL

BMP SELECTION

Few Closing Thoughts

- Ideal Solution May Be A Combination Of On- And Offsystem BMPs
- May Want/Need To Address On-system BMPs
 Off-system BMPs Can Take More Time To Implement Due To Their Voluntary Nature
- The MPDM Wiki BMP table Provides Some Guidance
- The BMP Selected May Open Funding Doors.
- All BMPs Require Professional Judgement

QUESTIONS?

MORE INFORMATION: drainage.pca.state.mn.us houstoneng.com

THANK YOU